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Claims:

1. A method of reducing pollution of a pollutant, comprising:  
determining a marginal cost (m1) for reducing one pollution  
5 unit of the pollutant;  
determining a futures cost (n1) for one pollution unit of the  
pollutant;  
setting the pollution fee (s1) to be the same as the futures  
cost (n1) of the pollutant;  
10 in a comparison unit, comparing the marginal cost (m1) with  
the futures cost (n1);  
when the marginal cost (m1) is less than or the same as the  
futures cost (n1), invest in pollution reducing equipment to  
reduce pollution from a first quantity (x1) to a second  
15 quantity (x2), the difference between the first quantity (x1)  
and the second quantity (x2) being a delta quantity (d);  
selling the delta quantity (d) of futures at futures cost  
(n1);  
changing futures cost from (n1) to (n2);  
20 at a termination of futures contract term, buying back delta  
quantity (d) of futures at futures cost (n2); and  
determining a total cost (T1) by adding the pollution fee (s1)  
and the delta quantity (d) multiplied by a difference between  
futures cost (n2) and futures cost (n1).  
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2. The method according to claim 1 wherein the method further

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comprises paying a pollution fee (s1) at a beginning of time period (t1).

3. The method according to claim 2 wherein the method further  
5 comprises paying a pollution fee (s2) at a beginning of time period (t2).

4. The method according to claim 1 wherein the method further  
comprises buying futures equivalent to the first pollution  
10 quantity (x1) at the futures cost (n1) when the marginal cost (m1) is greater than the futures cost (n1).

5. The method according to claim 4 wherein the method further  
comprises calculating a fee (s3) as the futures cost (n2)  
15 multiplied by the first quantity (x1) and paying the fee (s3) at the end of time period (t2).

6. The method according to claim 5 wherein the method further  
comprises selling the first quantity (x1) of futures at the  
20 futures cost (n2).

7. The method according to claim 6 wherein the method further  
comprises determining a total cost (T2) by adding the fee (s1)  
and the fee (s3) and the quantity (x1) multiplied by the  
25 difference between the futures cost (n2) and the futures cost (n1).